# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	)	
	)	No. 09 CR 795
vs.	)	
	)	
RUDOLPH C. FRATTO	)	

## **PLEA AGREEMENT**

1. This Plea Agreement between the United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, PATRICK J. FITZGERALD, and defendant RUDOLPH C. FRATTO, and his attorney, ARTHUR NASSER, is made pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

# **Charge in This Case**

- 2. The information in this case charges defendant with tax evasion, in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.
- 3. Defendant has read the charge against him contained in the information, and that charge has been fully explained to him by his attorney.
- 4. Defendant fully understands the nature and elements of the crime with which he has been charged.

# **Charge to Which Defendant is Pleading Guilty**

5. By this Plea Agreement, defendant agrees to enter a voluntary plea of guilty to the information. The information charges the defendant with tax evasion, in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

#### **Factual Basis**

6. Defendant will plead guilty because he is in fact guilty of the charge contained in the information. In pleading guilty, defendant admits the following facts and that those facts establish his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt:

Between January 1, 2005, and April 17, 2006, the defendant was a resident of Darien, Illinois, who willfully attempted to evade and defeat the payment of substantial federal income tax due and owing, to wit, approximately \$30,052 to the United States of America for the calendar year 2005.

Specifically, during calendar year 2005, the defendant received wages, compensation, and income from various businesses in the Northern District of Illinois. These businesses included Ciccone Foods, located in Addison, Illinois, which employed FRATTO as a salesman and paid him wages of approximately \$27,750; Perfect Pasta, located in Addison Illinois, which compensated FRATTO as a salesman, and paid him approximately \$20,781; Multiplayer Gaming Technologies, located in Schaumburg, Illinois, which compensated FRATTO as a handyman and paid him approximately \$58,915; Century Trade Show Services, located in Atlanta, Georgia, which paid compensation in the form of commissions to FRATTO of approximately \$11,000; Las Merchant Services, located in Barrington, Illinois, which paid a commission to FRATTO of approximately \$4,100; and Artica Springs, located in Skokie, Illinois which paid partnership profits to FRATTO of approximately \$4,326. Additionally, defendant FRATTO received approximately \$6,000 in gross income from an individual in 2005. During that same year, defendant operated a

freight forwarding business in which he received gross income in the amount of approximately \$66,722.

# **Acts of Evasion**

During calendar year 2005, defendant received gross income of approximately \$199,595 as described above, and affirmatively sought to evade reporting this income and evade the payment of taxes on that income by activities which included the following:

- a. Maintaining and utilizing a checking account in the name of a defunct business,"J.J.F. Inc." to conceal and avoid reporting his income to the Internal Revenue Service;
- b. Instructing employers and others to issue checks in payment of wages, compensation, and other income to the "J.J.F. Inc." account;
- c. Utilizing the J.J.F. Inc., account to pay certain personal bills and withdraw cash; making mortgage loan payments in cash and paying other bills with money orders to conceal and avoid reporting his income to the Internal Revenue Service;
- d. Willfully failing to make and file a Federal Income Tax return (Form 1040) reporting gross income of at least \$199,595 that he earned during calendar year 2005; and
  - e. Willfully failing to pay federal income tax of approximately \$30,052.
- 7. The defendant also acknowledges that for the purpose of computing his sentence under the U.S. Sentencing Guidelines, the following conduct, to which he stipulates, constitutes relevant conduct under Section 1B1.3:

During calendar years 2001 - 2004, 2006 and 2007, defendant received income from multiple businesses and affirmatively sought to evade reporting this income and the payment

of taxes on this income by participating in the same course of conduct as described above for calendar year 2005. That conduct included: causing businesses to issue checks in payment of wages, compensation, and other income to the "J.J.F. Inc." account; utilizing the J.J.F. Inc. account to pay certain personal bills and to withdraw cash; making mortgage loan payments in cash and paying other bills with money orders to conceal and avoid reporting his income to the Internal Revenue Service; and willfully failing to make and file a Federal Income Tax return (Form 1040) reporting gross income he earned; and failing to pay the federal income tax due and owing for those years.

The amount of gross income earned and the amount of federal income tax evaded for the charged year 2005 and the related years is as follows:

Year	Gross Income	Federal Income Tax
2001	\$101,270	\$23,401
2002	\$44,191	\$2,357
2003	\$55,069	\$4,320
2004	\$118,246	\$20,914
2005	\$199,595	\$30,052
2006	\$133,628	\$23,941
2007	\$183,642	\$36,207
Total	\$ 835,641	\$141,192

Therefore, for purposes of calculating the guidelines promulgated by the United States Sentencing Commission, the total federal tax loss for the count of conviction and the related conduct is \$141,192.

8. The foregoing facts are set forth solely to assist the court in determining whether a factual basis exists for defendant's plea of guilty and are not intended to be a

complete or comprehensive statement of all the facts within defendant's personal knowledge regarding the charged crimes and related conduct.

## **Maximum Statutory Penalties**

Defendant understands that the charges to which he is pleading guilty carry the following statutory penalties:

- a. The charge carries a maximum sentence of 5 years' imprisonment and carries a maximum fine of \$250,000. Defendant further understands that the Court must order costs of prosecution, estimated to be \$500. Defendant further understands that the judge also may impose a term of supervised release of not more than one year.
- b. In accord with Title 18, United States Code, Section 3013, defendant will be assessed \$100 on the count to which he has pled guilty, in addition to any other penalty imposed.
- c. Therefore, under the counts to which defendant is pleading guilty, the total maximum sentence is 5 years' imprisonment. In addition, defendant is subject to a total maximum fine of \$250,000, mandatory costs of prosecution, a period of supervised release, and a special assessment totaling \$100.

# **Sentencing Guidelines Calculations**

9. Defendant understands that in imposing sentence the Court will be guided by the United States Sentencing Guidelines. Defendant understands that the Sentencing Guidelines are advisory, not mandatory, but that the Court must consider the Guidelines in determining a reasonable sentence.

- 10. For purposes of calculating the Sentencing Guidelines, the parties agree on the following points:
- a. **Applicable Guidelines**. The Sentencing Guidelines to be considered in this case are those in effect at the time of sentencing. The following statements regarding the calculation of the Sentencing Guidelines are based on the Guidelines Manual currently in effect, namely the November 2008 Guidelines Manual.

#### b. Offense Level Calculations

- i. The base offense level for the charge in the information is 16, pursuant to Guideline §2T1.1 and 2T4.1(F) which reflects a tax loss of \$141,192 which is more than \$80,000 but less than \$200,000;
- ii. Defendant has clearly demonstrated a recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for his criminal conduct. If the government does not receive additional evidence in conflict with this provision, and if defendant continues to accept responsibility for his actions within the meaning of Guideline §3E1.1(a), including by furnishing the United States Attorney's Office and the Probation Office with all requested financial information relevant to his ability to satisfy any fine that may be imposed in this case, a two-level reduction in the offense level is appropriate.
- iii. In accord with Guideline §3E1.1(b), defendant has timely notified the government of his intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the government to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently. Therefore, as provided by Guideline §3E1.1(b), if the Court determines the

offense level to be 16 or greater prior to determining that defendant is entitled to a two-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility, the government will move for an additional one-level reduction in the offense level.

- c. **Criminal History Category.** With regard to determining defendant's criminal history points and criminal history category, based on the facts now known to the government, defendant's criminal history points equal zero and defendant's criminal history category is I.
- d. **Anticipated Advisory Sentencing Guidelines Range.** Therefore, based on the facts now known to the government, the anticipated offense level is 13, which, when combined with the anticipated criminal history category of I, results in an anticipated advisory Sentencing Guidelines range of 12 to 18 months' imprisonment, in addition to any supervised release, fine, and restitution the Court may impose.
- e. Defendant and his attorney and the government acknowledge that the above Guideline calculations are preliminary in nature and based on facts known to the parties as of the time of this Plea Agreement. Defendant understands that the Probation Office will conduct its own investigation and that the Court ultimately determines the facts and law relevant to sentencing, and that the Court's determinations govern the final Guideline calculation. Accordingly, the validity of this Agreement is not contingent upon the probation officer's or the Court's concurrence with the above calculations, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw his plea on the basis of the Court's rejection of these calculations.

f. Defendant understands that the Guideline calculations set forth above are non-binding predictions, upon which neither party is entitled to rely, and are not governed by Fed.R.Crim.P. 11(c)(1)(B). Errors in applying or interpreting any of the Sentencing Guidelines (other than those identified above as binding) may be corrected by either party prior to sentencing. The parties may correct these errors either by stipulation or by a statement to the Probation Office or the Court, setting forth the disagreement regarding the applicable provisions of the Guidelines. The validity of this Plea Agreement will not be affected by such corrections, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw his plea, nor the government the right to vacate this Plea Agreement, on the basis of such corrections.

## **Agreements Relating to Sentencing**

- 11. The government agrees to recommend that sentence be imposed within the applicable guidelines range.
- 12. It is understood by the parties that the sentencing judge is neither a party to nor bound by this Plea Agreement and may impose a sentence up to the maximum penalties as set forth above. Defendant further acknowledges that if the Court does not accept the sentencing recommendation of the parties, defendant will have no right to withdraw his guilty plea
- 13. Defendant agrees to pay the special assessment of \$100 at the time of sentencing with a cashier's check or money order payable to the Clerk of the U.S. District Court.

## **Restitution**

14. Regarding restitution, defendant agrees pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3663(a)(3), to the entry of an order requiring him to make restitution to the United States Treasury the amount of \$141,192, which reflects the amount of his unpaid federal income tax exclusive of penalties and interest for the charged conduct set forth in paragraphs 6 and 7 above. Defendant understands that the amount of tax loss as calculated by the Internal Revenue Service may exceed the amount of tax due as calculated for restitution in the criminal case.

## Presentence Investigation Report/Post-Sentence Supervision

- 15. Defendant understands that the United States Attorney's Office in its submission to the Probation Office as part of the Pre-Sentence Report and at sentencing shall fully apprise the District Court and the Probation Office of the nature, scope and extent of defendant's conduct regarding the charges against him, and related matters. The government will make known all matters in aggravation and mitigation relevant to the issue of sentencing, including the nature and extent of defendant's cooperation.
- 16. Defendant agrees to truthfully and completely execute a Financial Statement (with supporting documentation) prior to sentencing, to be provided to and shared among the Court, the Probation Office, and the United States Attorney's Office regarding all details of his financial circumstances, including his recent income tax returns as specified by the probation officer. Defendant understands that providing false or incomplete information, or refusing to provide this information, may be used as a basis for denial of a reduction for acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Guideline §3E1.1 and enhancement of his sentence for obstruction of justice under Guideline §3C1.1, and may be prosecuted as a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001 or as a contempt of the Court.
- 17. For the purpose of monitoring defendant's compliance with his obligations to pay a fine during any term of supervised release to which defendant is sentenced, defendant further consents to the disclosure by the IRS to the Probation Office and the United States Attorney's Office of defendant's individual income tax returns (together with extensions, correspondence, and other tax information) filed subsequent to defendant's sentencing, to and

Defendant also agrees that a certified copy of this Plea Agreement shall be sufficient evidence of defendant's request to the IRS to disclose the returns and return information, as provided for in Title 26, United States Code, Section 6103(b).

# Acknowledgments and Waivers Regarding Plea of Guilty Nature of Plea Agreement

- 18. This Plea Agreement is entirely voluntary and represents the entire agreement between the United States Attorney and defendant regarding defendant's criminal liability in case 09 CR 795.
- 19. This Plea Agreement concerns criminal liability only. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, nothing herein shall constitute a limitation, waiver or release by the United States or any of its agencies of any administrative or judicial civil claim, demand or cause of action it may have against defendant or any other person or entity. The obligations of this Agreement are limited to the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois and cannot bind any other federal, state or local prosecuting, administrative or regulatory authorities, except as expressly set forth in this Agreement.

# **Waiver of Rights**

- 20. Defendant understands that by pleading guilty he surrenders certain rights, including the following:
- a. **Right to be charged by indictment.** Defendant understands that he has a right to have the charges prosecuted by an indictment returned by a concurrence of twelve

or more members of a grand jury consisting of not less than sixteen and not more than twenty-three members. By signing this Agreement, defendant knowingly waives his right to be prosecuted by indictment and to assert at trial or on appeal any defects or errors arising from the information, the information process, or the fact that he has been prosecuted by way of information.

- **b. Trial rights.** Defendant has the right to persist in a plea of not guilty to the charges against him, and if he does, he would have the right to a public and speedy trial.
- i. The trial could be either a jury trial or a trial by the judge sitting without a jury. Defendant has a right to a jury trial. However, in order that the trial be conducted by the judge sitting without a jury, defendant, the government, and the judge all must agree that the trial be conducted by the judge without a jury.
- ii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be composed of twelve citizens from the district, selected at random. Defendant and his attorney would participate in choosing the jury by requesting that the Court remove prospective jurors for cause where actual bias or other disqualification is shown, or by removing prospective jurors without cause by exercising peremptory challenges.
- iii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be instructed that defendant is presumed innocent, that the government has the burden of proving defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the jury could not convict him unless, after hearing all the evidence, it was persuaded of his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt and that it

was to consider each count of the information separately. The jury would have to agree unanimously as to each count before it could return a verdict of guilty or not guilty as to that count.

- iv. If the trial is held by the judge without a jury, the judge would find the facts and determine, after hearing all the evidence, and considering each count separately, whether or not the judge was persuaded that the government had established defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
- v. At a trial, whether by a jury or a judge, the government would be required to present its witnesses and other evidence against defendant. Defendant would be able to confront those government witnesses and his attorney would be able to cross-examine them.
- vi. At a trial, defendant could present witnesses and other evidence in his own behalf. If the witnesses for defendant would not appear voluntarily, he could require their attendance through the subpoena power of the Court. A defendant is not required to present any evidence.
- vii. At a trial, defendant would have a privilege against self-incrimination so that he could decline to testify, and no inference of guilt could be drawn from his refusal to testify. If defendant desired to do so, he could testify in his own behalf.
- c. Waiver of Appellate rights. Defendant further understands he is waiving all appellate issues that might have been available if he had exercised his right to trial, and may only appeal the validity of this plea of guilty and the sentence imposed.

Defendant understands that any appeal must be filed within 10 days of the entry of the judgment of conviction. Defendant further understands he is waiving all appellate issues that might have been available if he had exercised his right to trial.

d. Defendant understands that by pleading guilty he is waiving all the rights set forth in the prior paragraphs, with the exception of the appellate rights specifically preserved above. Defendant's attorney has explained those rights to him, and the consequences of his waiver of those rights.

#### **Other Terms**

- 21. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the United States Attorney's Office in collecting any unpaid fine for which defendant is liable, including providing financial statements and supporting records as requested by the United States Attorney's Office.
- 22. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the IRS in any tax examination or audit of defendant which directly or indirectly relates to or arises out of the course of conduct which defendant has acknowledged in this Plea Agreement, by transmitting to the IRS original records or copies thereof, and any additional books and records which the IRS may request. Nothing in this paragraph precludes defendant from asserting any legal or factual defense to taxes, interest, and penalties that may be assessed by the IRS.
- (a) Defendant agrees to transmit his original records, or copies thereof, and any additional books and records which may be helpful, to the Examination Division of the Internal Revenue Service so that the Internal Revenue Service can complete its civil audit of defendant and any business in which he was engaged for the years 2001 through 2007.

(b) Preliminary to or in connection with any judicial proceeding, as that term is used in F.R.Cr. P. 6(e), defendant will interpose no objection to the entry of an order under Rule 6(e) authorizing disclosure of those documents, testimony and related investigative materials which may constitute grand jury material. Defendant will not object to the government soliciting consent from third parties, who provided information to the grand jury pursuant to grand jury subpoena, to turn those materials over to the Civil Division, appropriate federal or state administrative agency or the Internal Revenue Service, for use in civil or administrative proceedings or investigations, rather than returning them to such third party for later summons or subpoena in connection with the civil case or collection of taxes from defendant.

#### Conclusion

- 23. Defendant understands that this Plea Agreement will be filed with the Court, will become a matter of public record and may be disclosed to any person.
- Agreement extends throughout the period of his sentence, and failure to abide by any term of the Agreement is a violation of the Agreement. Defendant further understands that in the event he violates this Agreement, the government, at its option, may move to vacate the Agreement, rendering it null and void, and thereafter prosecute defendant not subject to any of the limits set forth in this Agreement, or may move to resentence defendant or require defendant's specific performance of this Agreement. Defendant understands and agrees that in the event that the Court permits defendant to withdraw from this Agreement, or defendant breaches any of its terms and the government elects to void the Agreement and prosecute defendant, any prosecutions that are not time-barred by the applicable statute of limitations on the date of the signing of this Agreement may be commenced against defendant in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of limitations between the signing of this Agreement and the commencement of such prosecutions.
- 25. Should the judge refuse to accept defendant's plea of guilty, this Plea Agreement shall become null and void and neither party will be bound thereto.
- 26. Defendant and his attorney acknowledge that no threats, promises, or representations have been made, nor agreements reached, other than those set forth in this Plea Agreement to cause defendant to plead guilty.

27. Defendant acknowledges that he has read this Plea Agreement and carefully reviewed each provision with his attorney. Defendant further acknowledges that he understands and voluntarily accepts each and every term and condition of this Agreement.

AGREED THIS DATE:	
PATRICK J. FITZGERALD United States Attorney	RUDOLPH C. FRATTO Defendant
PATRICK J. KING, JR. Assistant U.S. Attorney	ARTHUR NASSER Attorney for Defendant